

LiDAR Quality Assessment Report

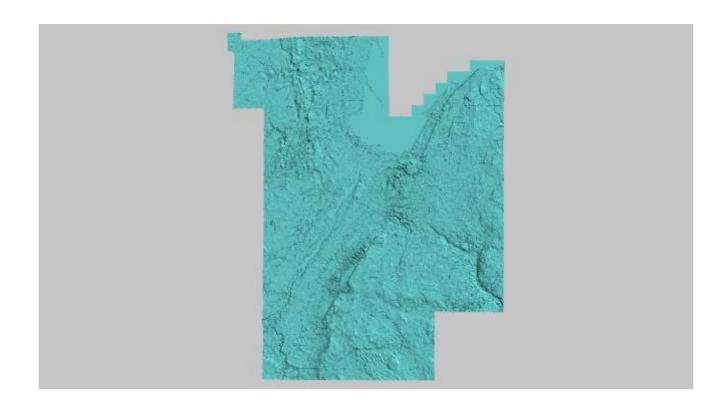
The USGS National Geospatial Technical Operations Center, Data Operations Branch is responsible for conducting reviews of all Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) point-cloud data and derived products delivered by a data supplier before it is approved for inclusion in the National Elevation Dataset and the Center for LiDAR Information Coordination and Knowledge. The USGS recognizes the complexity of LiDAR collection and processing performed by the data suppliers and has developed this Quality Assessment (QA) procedure to accommodate USGS collection and processing specifications with flexibility. The goal of this process is to assure LiDAR data are of sufficient quality for database population and scientific analysis. Concerns regarding the assessment of these data should be directed to the Chief, Data Operations Branch, 1400 Independence Road, Rolla, Missouri 65401 or NGTOCoperations@usgs.gov.

Materials Received: 12/27/2010	Project Type: ARRA Grant	
,	Project Description:	
Project ID: ARRA-WI_BrownCo_2010	This lidar project consists of Brown County, Wisconsin and a portion of	
Project Alias(es):		
	Year of Collection: 2010	

Lot 1 of 1 lots.

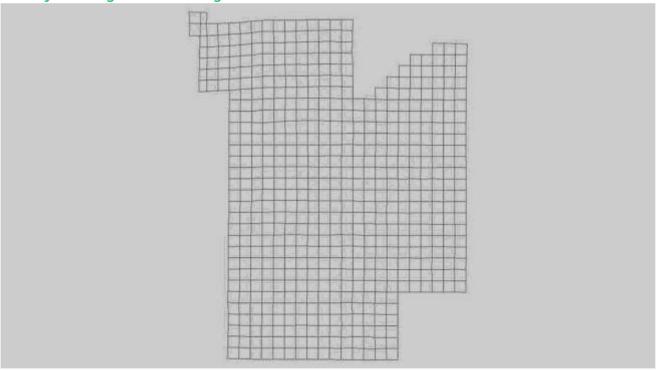
Project Extent:

✓ Project Extent image?



Project Tiling Scheme:

☑ Project Tiling Scheme image?



Contractor:

Applicable Specification:

Aerometric, Inc.

V12

☐ Third Party Per	formed QA?		
Project Points of	Contact		
Project Points of POC Name	Type	Primary Phone	E-Mail

Project Deliverables

All project deliverables must be supplied according to collection and processing specifications. The USGS will postpone the QA process when any of the required deliverables are missing. When deliverables are missing, the Contracting Officer Technical Representative (COTR) will be contacted by the Elevation/Orthoimagery Section supervisor and informed of the problem. Processing will resume after the COTR has coordinated the deposition of remaining deliverables.

□ Collection Report	Project Shapefile/Geodatabase
□ Survey Report	Project Tiling Scheme Shapefile/Gdb
☐ Processing Report	☐ Control Point Shapefile/Gdb
☑ QA/QC Report	☑ Breakline Shapefile/Gdb
Control and Calibration Points	☐ Project XML Metadata

Multi-File Deliverables

File Type	Quantity
✓ Swath LAS Files ✓ Required? ☐ XML Metadata?	71
☐ Intensity Image Files ☐ Required?	
▼ Tiled LAS Files ▼ Required? □ XML Metadata?	576
☑ Breakline Files ☑ Required? ☐ XML Metadata?	2
☑ Bare-Earth DEM Files ☑ Required? ☐ XML Metadata?	561

Additional Deliverables

	Item
~	contours (shapefile and DWG)
~	bare-earth (shapefile points and DWG)
~	breaklines (DWG)
~	terrain geodatabase

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? O Yes O No

Project Geographic Information

Areal Extent: $573.1 \underline{\text{Sq Mi}}$ Grid Size: $5 \times 5 \underline{\text{U.S. Feet}}$

Tile Size: 1082 x 1070 <u>U.S. feet</u>

Nominal Pulse Spacing: <u>Select...</u>

Vertical Datum: NAVD88 <u>U.S. feet</u>

Horizontal Datum: NAD83_HARN U.S. feet

Project Projection	n/Coordinate Reference System:	
Wisconsin County	y Reference System - Brown County	U.S. feet

Wisconsin County Reference System - Brown C	<u>U.S. feet</u> .
This Projection Coordinate Reference System is ✓ Project Shapefile/Geodatabase ✓ Project Tiling Scheme Shapefile/Gdb Checkpoints Shapefile/Geodatabase ✓ Project XML Metadata File ✓ Swath LAS XML Metadata File Classified LAS XML Metadata File	consistent across the following deliverables: ☐ Breaklines XML Metadata File ☐ Bare-Earth DEM XML Metadata File ☐ Swath LAS Files ☐ Classified LAS Files ☐ Breaklines Files ☐ Bare-Earth DEM Files
Check Point Shapefile/Geodatabase CRS	
Project XML Metadata CRS	
Swath LAS XML Metadata CRS	

Classified LAS XML Metadata CRS

Breakline XML Metadata CRS	
DEM XML Metadata CRS	
Swath LAS Files CRS	
Classified LAS Files CRS	

Review Cycle

This section documents who performed the QA Review on a project as well as when QA reviews were started, actions passed, received, and completed.

Reviewer:

T. Jerris

Review Start Date:

1/5/2011

Action to Contractor Date	Issue Description	Return Date
1/5/2011	Project was not in correct projection system; lacks sufficient metadata;	4/16/2012

Review Complete: 4/25/2012

Provided metadata files have been parsed using 'mp' metadata parser. Any errors generated by the parser are documented below for reference and/or corrective action.
The Project XML Metadata file parsed witherrors.

Project QA/QC Report Review

Metadata Review

ASPRS recommends that checkpoint surveys be used to verify the vertical accuracy of LiDAR data sets. Checkpoints are to be collected by an independent survey firm licensed in the particular state(s) where the project is located. While subjective, checkpoints should be well distributed throughout the dataset. National Standards for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA) guidance states that checkpoints may be distributed more densely in the vicinity of important features and more sparsely in areas that are of little or no interest. Checkpoints should be distributed so that points are spaced at intervals of at least ten percent of the diagonal distance across the dataset and at least twenty percent of the points are located in each quadrant of the dataset.

NSSDA and ASPRS require that a minimum of twenty checkpoints (thirty is preferred) are collected for each major land cover category represented in the LiDAR data. Checkpoints should be selected on flat terrain, or on uniformly sloping terrain in all directions from each checkpoint. They should not be selected near severe breaks in slope, such as bridge abutments, edges of roads, or near river bluffs. Checkpoints are an important component of the USGS QA process. There is the presumption that the checkpoint surveys are error free and the discrepancies are attributable to the LiDAR dataset supplied.

For this dataset, USGS checked the spatial distribution of checkpoints with an emphasis on the bare-earth (open terrain) points; the number of points per class; the methodology used to collect these points; and the relationship between the data supplier and checkpoint collector. When independent control data are available, USGS has incorporated this into the analysis.

Checkpoint Shapefile or Geodatabase:

☐ Checkpoint Distribution Image?
The following land cover classes are represented in this dataset (uncheck any that do not apply):
■ Bare Earth ■ Bare Earth
□ Tall Weeds and Crops
☐ Brush Lands and Low Trees
☐ Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees
☐ Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structures
There are a minimum of 20 checkpoints for each land cover class represented. Points

within each class are uniformly distributed throughout the dataset. USGS was not able to locate independent checkpoints for this analysis. USGS does not acccept at this

time the quality of the checkpoint data for these LiDAR datasets.
Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? Yes No
☐ Image?
No blind points were made available to the USGS.
Accuracy values are reported in terms of Fundamental Vertical Accuracy (FVA), Supplemental Vertical Accuracy(s) (SVA), and Consolidated Vertical Accuracy (CVA).
Accuracy values are reported in: U.S. feet Required FVA Value is 0.49 U.S. feet or less. Target SVA Value is U.S. feet or less. Required CVA Value is U.S. feet or less.

The reported FVA of the LAS Swath data is U.S. feet.

The reported FVA of the Bare-Earth DEM data is 0.207 U.S. feet .

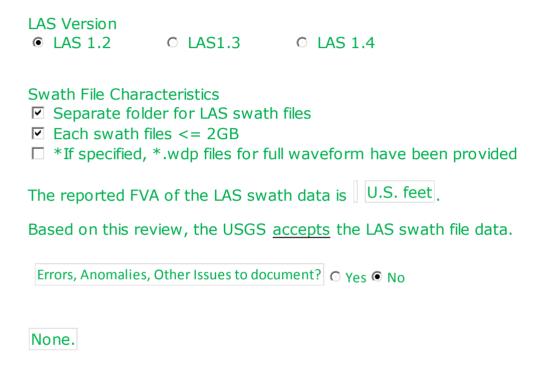
SVA are required for each land cover type present in the data set with the exception of bare-earth. SVA is calculated and reported as a 95th Percentile Error.

Land Cover Type	SVA Value	Units
Tall Weeds and Crops		U.S. feet
Brush Lands and Low Trees		U.S. feet
Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees		U.S. feet
Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structur		U.S. feet

The reported CVA of this data set is: U.S. feet.

LAS Swath File Review

LAS swath files or raw unclassified LiDAR data are reviewed to assess the quality control used by the data supplier during collection. Furthermore, LAS swath data are checked for positional accuracy. The data supplier should have calculated the Fundamental Vertical Accuracy using ground control checkpoints measured in clear open terrain. The following was determined for LAS swath data for this project:



LAS Tile File Review

Classified LAS tile files are used to build digital terrain models using the points classified as ground. Therefore, it is important that the classified LAS are of sufficient quality to ensure that the derivative product accurately represents the landscape that was measured. The following was determined for classified LAS files for this project:

Classified LAS Tile File Characteristics

- Separate folder for Classified LAS tile files
- ✓ Classified LAS tile files conform to Project Tiling Scheme
- ✓ Quantity of Classified LAS tile files conforms to Project Tiling Scheme
- ✓ Classified LAS tile files do not overlap
- ☐ Classified LAS tile files are uniform in size
- ✓ Classified LAS tile files have no points classified as '12'

Point classifications are limited to the standard values listed below:

Code	Description
1	Processed, but unclassified
2	Bare-earth ground
7	Noise (low or high, manually identified, if needed)
9	Water
10	Ignored ground (breakline proximity)
11	Withheld (if the "Withheld" bit is not implemented in processing software)

☐ Buy up?

Based on this review, the USGS accepts the classified LAS tile file data.

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? O Yes O No

None.

Breakline File Review

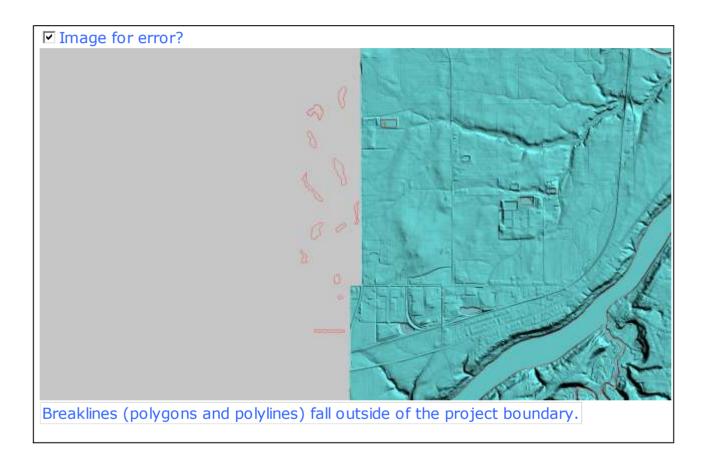
Breaklines are vector feature classes that are used to hydro-flatten the bare earth Digital Elevation Models.

Breakline File Characteristics

- Separate folder for breakline files
- ✓ All breaklines captured as PolylineZ or PolygonZ features
- ☐ No missing or misplaced breaklines

Based on this review, the USGS <u>accepts</u> the breakline files.

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? • Yes O No



Bare-Earth DEM Tile File Review

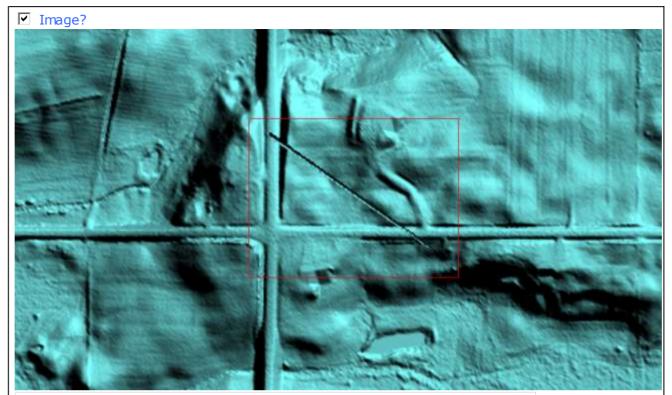
The derived bare-earth DEM file receives a review of the vertical accuracies provided by the data supplier, vertical accuracies calculated by USGS using supplied and independent checkpoints, and a manual check of the appearance of the DEM layer.

Bare-Earth DEM files provided in the following format: ArcGrid

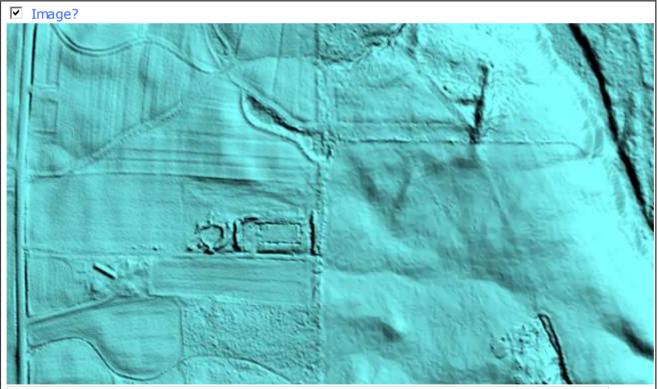
Bare-Earth DEM Tile File Characteristics

✓ Separate folder for bare-earth DEM files

 ✓ DEM files conform to ✓ Quantity of DEM files ✓ DEM files do not over ✓ DEM files are uniform ✓ DEM files properly ed ✓ Independent check positive 	conforms lap in size ge match	to Project Tiling S	Scheme			
All accuracy values repor	ted in U.S	S. feet				
Reported Accuracies						
Land Cover Category	# of Points	Fundamental Vertical Accuracy @95% Confidence Interval (Accuracy _z) Required FVA = 0.49 or less.	Supplemental Vertical Accuracy @95th Percentile Error Target SVA = or less.	Consolidated Vertical Accuracy @95th Percentile Error Required CVA = or less.		
Open Terrain	70	0.207				
Tall Weeds and Crops						
Brush Lands and Low Trees						
Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees						
Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structures						
Consolidated	70					
□ QA performed Accuracy Calculations? Based on this review, the USGS <u>recommends</u> the bare-earth DEM files for inclusion in the 1/3 Arc-Second National Elevation Dataset.						
Based on this review, the Bare-Earth DEM Anomali			earth DEM files.			
Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? • Yes O No						



A "scar" which is present both in the DEM and DEM_Hydro_Flattened



Large areas of TINing are present within the DEM and DEM_Hydro_Flatteneed.

Internal Note:

This project was provided with three hydro-flattened geodatabases. The DEM and DEM_Hydro_Flattened contain both errors indicated above; whereas, DEM_Appended has no errors.

- 1) DEM tiled
- 2) DEM Hydro Flattened tiled
- 3) DEM_Appended not tiled

The DEM_Appended consists of a single reviewable area, not multiple tiles like the other two datasets. Existing TINing in open-water and a main river channel, along with bridge-removal artifacts, were corrected by NGTOC personnel using Global Mapper by placing a "patch" over the affected areas.

This is the end of the report.

QA Form V1.4 120CT11.xsn